

Singapore Mathematical Society

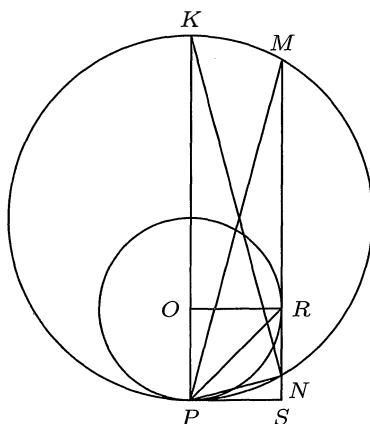
Singapore Mathematical Olympiad (SMO) 2011

(Junior Section, Round 2 solutions)

1. It's equivalent to prove $x^2y^2 \geq (ac + bd)^2$ as all the numbers are nonnegative. This is true since

$$\begin{aligned} x^2y^2 &= (a^2 + b^2)(c^2 + d^2) \\ &= (ac)^2 + (bd)^2 + a^2d^2 + b^2c^2 \\ &\geq (ac)^2 + (bd)^2 + 2(ac)(bd) \quad \text{AM-GM} \\ &= (ac + bd)^2. \end{aligned}$$

2. Let the tangent at P meet the tangent at R at the point S . Let O be the centre of Γ_1 . Then $ORST$ is a square. Hence $\angle KPR = \angle RPS = 45^\circ$. Also $\angle NPS = \angle NKP = \angle PMS = \angle MPK$. Thus $\angle MPR = \angle RPN$.



3. Let $a_i = \max S_i$, $b_i = \min S_i$ and suppose that $t_1 = \min\{t_i\}$. For each j , if $S_1 \cap S_j \neq \emptyset$, then $a_1 \geq b_j$. Therefore $a_1 \in S_j$.

Note: Problem 4 in the Senior Section is the general version.

4. Replace 2011 by any positive odd integer n . We first show by induction that $a_m = 3^m 2^{n-m} - 1$ for $m = 0, 1, \dots, n - 1$. This is certainly true for $m = 0$. Suppose it's true for some $m < n - 1$. Then $3a_m + 1 = 3^{m+1} 2^{n-m} - 2$. Since $n - m > 1$, the odd part is $3^{m+1} 2^{n-m-1} - 1$ which is a_{m+1} . Now $a_{n-1} = 3^{n-1} 2^1 - 1$. Thus

$3a_{n-1} + 1 = 3^n - 2 = 2(3^n - 1)$. When n is odd, $3^n \equiv -1 \pmod{4}$. Thus $4 \nmid 3^n - 1$. Hence the odd part of $2(3^n - 1)$ is $\frac{3^n - 1}{2}$ and this is the value of a_n .

5. Suppose the number of times that operations (i), (ii) and (iii) have been performed are x , y and z , respectively. Then the number of 1, 10 and 25 are $y - x$, $1 + x - y + 2z$ and $y - z$, respectively, with $-x + y = 100$. Thus the sum is

$$S = y - x + 10(1 + x - y + 2z) + 25(y - z) = -890 + 5(5y - z).$$

Since we want the minimum values of S , y has to be as small as possible and z as large as possible. Since

$$y - x = 100, \quad 1 + x - y + 2z \geq 0, \quad y - z \geq 0$$

we get, from the first equation, $y \geq 100$, from the second inequality, $2z \geq 99$ or $z \geq 50$ and $y \geq z$ from the third. Thus the minimum is achieved when $y = 100$, $x = 0$ and $z = 100$. Thus minimum $S = 1100$.