### SMO Open 2024 Rd.2

#### Question 1

In triangle ABC,  $\angle B=90^\circ$ , AB>BC, and P is the point such that BP=PC and  $\angle APB=90^\circ$  where P and C lie on the same side of AB. Let Q be the point on AB such that AP=AQ, and let M be the midpoint of QC. Prove that the line through M parallel to AP passes through the midpoint of AB.

#### Question 2

Find the minimum value of

$$\frac{x_1^3 + \dots + x_n^3}{x_1 + \dots + x_n}$$

where  $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n$  are distinct positive integers.

### Question 3

Prove that for every positive integer n, there is a unique n-digit integer A(n) which is a multiple of  $5^n$  and whose digits are all odd.

## Question 4

Alice and Bob play a game. Bob starts by picking a set S consisting of M vectors of length n with entries either 0 or 1. Alice picks a sequence of numbers  $y_1 \leq y_2 \leq \cdots \leq y_n$  from the interval [0,1], and a choice of real numbers  $x_1,\ldots,x_n \in \mathbb{R}$ . Bob wins if he can pick a vector  $(z_1,\ldots,z_n) \in S$  such that

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \leq \sum_{i=1}^n x_i z_i,$$

otherwise Alice wins. Determine the minimum value of  ${\cal M}$  so that Bob can guarantee a win.

# Question 5

Let p be a prime number. Determine the largest possible n such that the following holds. It is possible to fill an  $n \times n$  table with integers  $a_{ik}$  in the i-th row and k-th column, for  $1 \le i, k \le n$ , such that for any quadruple i, j, k, l with  $1 \le i < j \le n$  and  $1 \le k < l \le n$ , the number  $a_{ik}a_{jl} - a_{il}a_{jk}$  is not divisible by p.